## Food Science Exam Augusta State University March 5, 2005 Answer Key

<u>Directions</u>: Please place answer in indicated place or specified format. Improper answers will receive no credit. You have 50 minutes to complete this test. You may use a non-programmable calculator.

- 1. (4) Distinguish between digestable and indigestible carbohydrates. (2)
- Provide one example of each of the above two kinds of carbohydrates. Digestable (1) can be broken down by enzymes in our bodies Indigestable (1) not able to be broken down by enzymes
- 2. (5) You have a food that you know contains **starch**. Check all of the foods that it could be.

|    | milk   | X_ | oatmeal |
|----|--------|----|---------|
| X_ | bread  | X_ | corn    |
| X_ | cereal |    | ham     |
|    | eggs   |    | lettuce |
|    | fish   |    |         |
| X_ | beans  |    |         |

3. (5) Listed below are the ingredients on a food label. Check all the food items that could be classified as carbohydrates.

| X_ | sugar              | <br>mono and diglycerides |
|----|--------------------|---------------------------|
| X_ | Maltose            | <br>sodium phosphate      |
|    | vegetable oil      | <br>сосоа                 |
| x_ | high fructose corn | <br>lecithin              |
|    | syrup              | <br>spices                |

- 4. (5) a. What chemical is used to test for starch? (2) iodine
  - b. If you used the above chemical, what color will a food containing starch be? (2) *black or blue-black*
  - c. What color will a food that does not contain starch be? (1) *amber/ gold/yellow*

5. (5) Determine the number of grams of carbohydrates/8 oz serving in each of the following and enter the value in the chart. Arrange the food in order of carbs/8 oz. Enter the words High, Middle, Low in the chart. begin with the highest carb containing food first.

| Food | Serving size | Carbs/serving | Carbs/8oz | Ranking |
|------|--------------|---------------|-----------|---------|
| A    | 2 oz         | 8 g           | 32 g      | Middle  |
| В    | 4oz          | 18 g          | 36 g      | Highest |
| С    | 6 oz         | 20g           | 26.4 g    | Lowest  |

6. (4) a. Check the food in the list below that is a good source of fiber. (1)

- \_\_\_\_\_ cheese sandwich
- \_\_\_\_\_ macaroni and cheese
- \_\_x\_ salad
- \_\_\_\_ taco
- b. Why do people require fiber in diet? (2) *It helps food move through intestines producing softer stools.*
- c. Name one disease that has been associated with a low fiber diet. (1) colon cancer; constipation
- 7. (5) Check each food in the list below that contains starch.

|    | cheese |    | plain yogurt |
|----|--------|----|--------------|
|    | apple  |    | turkey       |
| X_ | bread  | X_ | taco shells  |

8. (10) Check all foods in the list below containing large amounts of carbohydrates.

| x_ carrots     | roast beef |
|----------------|------------|
| x milk         | x_ walnuts |
| x celery       | eggs       |
| x cola         |            |
| x pear         |            |
| x_ apple juice |            |

9. (5) a. What is the difference between complex and simple carbohydrates?

Complex contain more than simple sugars; they contain vitamins and minerals..

- b. Why are complex carbohydrates healthier than simple carbohydrates? Simple carbs do not contain any other useful food items.
- c. Which of these foods will contain **no** complex carbohydrates? Check all that apply.

| x fruit juice | x milk       |
|---------------|--------------|
| x cola        | coffee cake  |
| donut         | bean burrito |

\*10. a. (3) In which part of the human body are carbohydrates digested? *(mouth) small intestine* 

b. Where will digested carbohydrates be absorbed in the human body? *Small intestine* 

11. (3) Bacteria can be grown in test tubes containing specific ingredients, such as various sugars. If the bacteria can use the sugar, the liquid will turn yellow; if they cannot use a sugar, the liquid will remain red. Four different bacteria are grown in tubes containing one of the following: sucrose, lactose, fructose, and mannose. The results appear below:

| Organism | sucrose | Lactose | fructose | Mannose |
|----------|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| 1        | yellow  | Red     | yellow   | yellow  |
| 2        | red     | Red     | yellow   | Red     |
| 3        | red     | yellow  | red      | red     |
| 4        | yellow  | Yellow  | red      | Yellow  |

- a. Which organism can use the most sugars? 1 or 4
- b. Which organism is able to use the least sugars? 2 or 3
- c. Which organism(s) can use lactose and mannose? 4