FORESTRY

Practice Test (PowerPoint)

Use the corresponding answer sheet.

Slides are automatic – do not click while presentation is in progress.

Disclaimer/Notice

- This test is based on the 2004-2005 rules. The creator of this test is **not** responsible for anything that happens due to not understanding that **rules may change significantly for the 2011-2012 Science Olympiad season.**
- This slide is 10 seconds.

Please Read The Following

- This practice test is run automatically. Do not click while the presentation is in progress.
- Use the corresponding answer sheet (scioly.org).
- The test is timed. For ID questions, you will have 1 minute to identify the tree and 1 minute and 45 seconds to answer questions.
- For other questions, you will have 15 seconds to answer one question.
- The questions on this test are based on the 2004 National Forestry Specimen List.
- This slide is 22 seconds.

Please Read The Following

- Note: If you are able to answer the question quickly and prefer not to wait, you may change the slides before they change automatically.
- This test may be very time-consuming. Make sure you have at least 20-40 minutes to complete the test although it may not take the full time given to you.
- There will be 12 ID questions and then some basic questions about trees.
- This slide is 15 seconds

1. Identify this specimen.



A. In which states would you most likely find this tree?

- (a)Minnesota and Wisconsin
- (b) Vermont and Maine
- (c) New Mexico and Arizona
- (d)California and Oregon

B. Which statement is true about this tree?

- (a)It is the tallest pine
- (b)It is the only broadleaf pine tree
- (c)It has no spreading branches
- (d)The tree's seed itself is larger than the wing of the seed.



2. Identify this specimen.



A. What is this tree commonly called?

- (a)Poison Sumac
- (b)Tree of Heaven
- (c)The Coffeetree
- (d)Cantaloupe Tree

B. Which statement is true about this tree?

- (a) It grows very slowly compared to other trees.
- (b)It can tolerate pollution better than most trees.
- (c)Its fruit looks similar to an apple.
- (d)Its crown gets wider near the top.

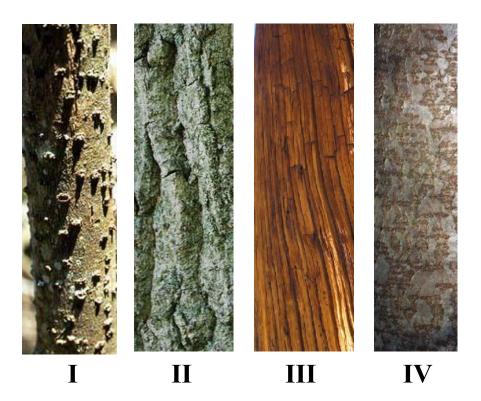


3. Identify this specimen.



A. Which photo (I, II, III, or IV) is a picture of the bark of this plant?

- (a)Photo I
- (b)Photo II
- (c)Photo III
- (d)Photo IV



B. Which geographic region is this plant native to?

- (a) Alaska and Northwestern Canada
- (b)Northeastern Canada
- (c)Around the Gulf of Mexico
- (d)The East Coast and the Midwest



4. Identify this specimen.



A. What type of leaf arrangement does this plant have?

- (a) Opposite
- (b) Whorled
- (c) Alternate
- (d) Simple





Photo I

Photo II



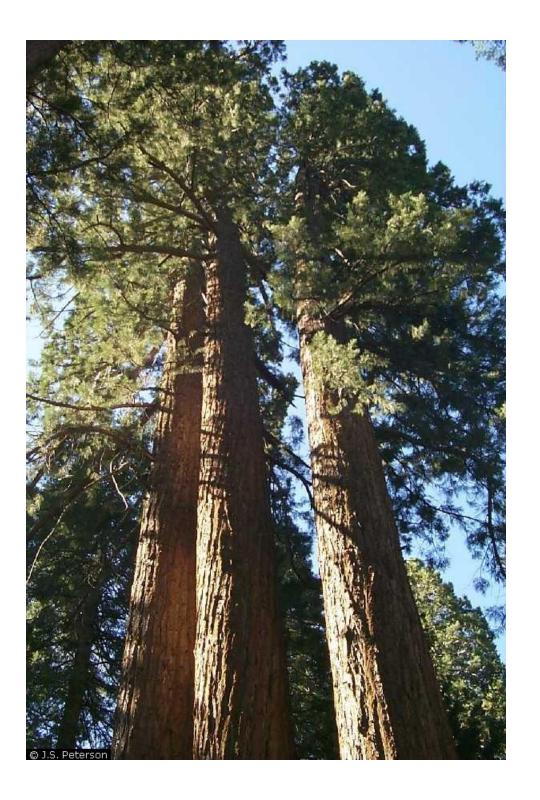


Photo III

Photo IV

- B. Which of the photos (I, II, III, IV) are of this plant?
- (a)Photo I
- (b)Photo II
- (c)Photo III
- (d)Photo IV

5. Identify this tree.



A. Which photo (I, II, III, IV) is a photo of this plant's leaves?

- (a)Photo I
- (b)Photo II
- (c)Photo III
- (d)Photo IV



Photo III



Photo IV





Photo I

Photo II

B. What family is this tree from?

- (a)Cypress Family
- (b)Sequoia Family
- (c)Redwood Family
- (d)Pine Family

6. Identify this tree.



A. Where is this plant mainly found?

- (a)California
- (b) Virginia and Kentucky
- (c)Lesser Antilles
- (d)Florida



B. Which statement is true about this tree?

- (a)Its bark smoothens with age.
- (b)Its fruit was used to make medicine in the early ages.
- (c) Most of the tree's leaves fall off in the early summer.
- (d)The tree's is coniferous.



7. Identify this tree.



A. What is this plant **NOT** used for?

- (a)Treating asthma and tinnitus
- (b) Making paper
- (c)Making tea
- (d)Preventing Alzheimer's Disease

B. What is the conservation status of this species?

- (a)Extinct in the Wild
- (b)Endangered
- (c)Not concerned/Least concern
- (d)Conservation dependent/Near threatened



8. Identify this tree.



A. Where is this plant found?

- (a) Hudson Bay
- (b)East Coast
- (c)Central USA
- (d)Northwest USA and Canada

B. What problems/disadvantages are there about this tree?

- (a) They can be seriously damaged by wood-boring insects.
- (b)They do not provide good shade.
- (c)Its wood is difficult to cut, split, or bend due to its hardness.
- (d)It grows at a very slow rate.



9. Identify this tree.



A. What type of fruit does this plant have?

- (a)An apple-sized purple fruit that tastes bitter.
- (b)This plant has no fruit.
- (c)An oblong husk with a sweet meat inside.
- (d)A grape-sized yellow-brown fruit.

B. Which description of this plant's leaf fits the best?

- (a) Needles 2-5 inches long.
- (b)Un-toothed circular leaf.
- (c)A long egg-shaped green/yellow leaf.
- (d)A toothed lance-shaped leaf.



10. Identify this tree.



A. Where is this plant most likely to be found?

- (a)British Columbia
- (b)New York
- (c)Georgia
- (d)Belize

B. Why are the fruits of this plant eaten by animals?

- (a)They are rich in copper and iron.
- (b)They are low in cholesterol.
- (c)They provide nectar.
- (d)They are the only thing that the animals can find.



11. Identify this tree.

A. What is this plant's primary habitat?

- (a) Near the coastline of an ocean or lake.
- (b)Dry or rocky areas, open woods, or fields.
- (c)Temperate rainforests in the northwest.
- (d)Swampy and marshy areas in northern USA and Canada.

B. What type of tree is this?

- (a)Pine
- (b)Juniper
- (c)Walnut
- (d)Magnolia







12. Identify this tree.

A. Where is this plant mainly found?

- (a)Coniferous forests.
- (b)Stream banks and floodplains.
- (c)Sandy or rocky desert areas.
- (d)Cold and dry tundra/taiga areas.

B. Name the bug that is attracted by this tree.



13. What feature in a plant cell is not normally found in an animal cell?

- (a) Nucleus
- (b)Deoxyribonucleic acid
- (c)Mitochondrion
- (d)Cell Wall

14. What does photosynthesis mainly help create?

- (a)Light energy
- (b)Adenosine triphosphate (ATP)
- (c)Kinetic energy
- (d)Nutrients in the soil

15. Which picture shows a plant with opposite leaves?

- (a)Left
- (b)Center
- (c)Right







This is the end of the Forestry practice test.

You can check your answers on the answer key.