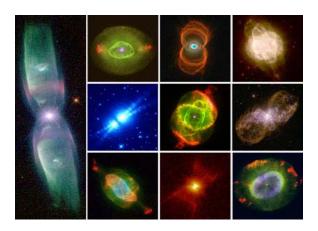
#### Maine Science Olympiad Reach for the Stars Event Mt Ararat High School, Topsham - March 22, 2003



#### **Directions:**

Do not forget to put your name and team number on the Response Sheet.

Place all of your answers on the Response Sheet.

All resources are permitted.

Good Luck - and May the Stars Be With You.....

# Section A: Use the first image sheet (objects A through M) to answer the following questions.

- 1) What is the name of the object in image K?
- 2) What type of object is in image K?
- 3) What is the name of the constellation that the object in image K is located in?
- 4) Which image shows the constellation that the object in image K is located it?
- 5) What type of object preceded the object in image K?
- 6) Image D contains the Large Magellanic Cloud and a second object. What is the name of the second object?
- 7) The object named in Question 6 is shown in which two other images?
- 8) The star system in image F will result in the type of object shown in which image?
- 9) What two types of objects are shown in image F?
- 10) Give the names and letters for the two images that contain constellations.
- 11) What is the name of the object in image C?
- 12) What type of object is it?
- 13) The object in image C contains the object located in which other image?
- 14) What type of object is it?
- 15) What is the name of the object in image G?
- 16) What type of object is it?
- 17) What is located in the center of this object?
- 18) What produced the type of object you named in question 17?
- 19) What other image contains the object in image G?
- 20) Which observatory produced the image named in question 19?

# Section B: Use the second image sheet (objects N through Z) to answer the following questions.

- 1) Image S was imaged in which band of the spectrum?
- 2) What constellation is in located in?
- 3) What type of object is located behind the number 1?
- 4) What type of object is located behind the number 2?
- 5) What are the small reddish-appearing objects located near the number 3?
- 6) Which image also contains the same types of objects named in question 5?
- 7) Which other image was taken in the same band of the spectrum?
- 8) The image in question 7 is centered in what galaxy?
- 9) What is the name of the very bright structure in this image?
- 10) What type of object is it?
- 11) What type of object is shown in image U?
- 12) What is the name and letter of the image that contains the object in image U?
- 13) Which image shows an oxygen-rich supernova remnant?
- 14) What is the name of the remnant?
- 15) Image P shows the location of a possible new type of object. What is this new type of object called?
- 16) What is the name of the object in image N?
- 17) What type of object(s) is shown in image Z?
- 18) Which image shows a composite image of two bands of the EM spectrum?
- 19) What is the name of this image?
- 20) What type of object is shown in image T?

- Section C: Use the image and diagram sheet (numbered 1 through 18) and the H-R diagram to answer the following questions. Use the letters on the H-R diagram to answer the questions about the locations of objects. Some letters may be used two or more times and some may not be used.
  - 1) The light curve shown in diagram 13 would happen where on the H-R diagram?
  - 2) Just before an 8 solar mass protostar dropped onto the main sequence where would it be located?
  - 3) What type of object is shown in number 12?
  - 4) Which diagram on this sheet shows a plot of its stars?
  - 5) Is the object in number 12 young or old?
  - 6) How can you tell whether it is young or old?
  - 7) What are the two stages of stellar evolution shown in image 6?
  - 8) Where is the object on the right located on the H-R diagram?
  - 9) If this object becomes unstable which diagram represents the result?
  - 10) Which image shows the progenitor star for this object?
  - 11) Which spectrum is produced by this type of object?
  - 12) Where on the H-R diagram are the brightest and hottest stars located?
  - 13) Which spectra would these types of stars produce?
  - 14) Where on the H-R diagram are the brightest and coolest stars located?
  - 15) What can you tell about the age of the group of stars plotted on the diagram shown in number 5?
  - 16) Where would brown dwarfs be located on the H-R diagram?
  - 17) Which two images show the end product of diagram 10?
  - 18) The light curve in number 18 is produced by an object located where on the H-R diagram?

# Section D: Use all the images (A through Z and 1 through 18) and the H-R diagram to answer the following questions.

- 1) The object in the center of image G is located where on the H-R diagram?
- 2) Where would images O, K. and E be located?
- 3) Where on the H-R diagram was the progenitor star for image K originally?
- 4) Which one of the spectra (2,9,14,17) is produced by the object in image R?
- 5) Object number 16 is located in which two images (A through Z)?
- 6) Where on the H-R diagram would image T be located?
- 7) What are the possible locations on the H-R diagram for the objects associated with image L?
- 8) Where would image I be located on the H-R diagram?
- 9) In image M (larger piece to left) where would the bluish objects be located on the H-R diagram?
- 10) On which branch of the H-R diagram are the objects in image A located?

TEAM NAME AND NUMBER	
<b>Response Sheet:</b>	
Section A:	
	2
1	2
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11	12
13	14 16
15	16 18
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Section B:	
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Section C:	
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17	18
Section D:	
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