## **Station I**

- 1. Convert 12.74 kilograms to grams.
- 2. 1 millimeter equals \_\_\_\_\_ micrometers.
- 3. 15,000 square centimeters equals \_\_\_\_\_\_ square decameters.
- 4. How many cubic centimeters are in 2.4 liters?
- 5. How many grams are in 1.4 tonnes?
- The formulas for the surface area and volume of a sphere are 4•π•r<sup>2</sup> and (4/3)•π•r<sup>3</sup> respectively. If a sphere has a surface area of 36π cm<sup>2</sup>, what is its volume in terms of pi?
- 7. A cubic meter of a substance has a mass of 2.5 tonnes. What is its density in grams per cubic centimeter?
- 8. 1 meter per second is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ kilometers per hour.

## **Station II**

Use the table below to answer questions 9-16.

| Food | Serving Size | <b>Calories per Serving</b> | Sugar per Serving (g) |
|------|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Α    | 2oz          | 80                          | 7                     |
| В    | 6oz          | 260                         | 18                    |
| С    | 8oz          | 310                         | 20                    |
| D    | 4oz          | 160                         | 12                    |
| E    | 6oz          | 295                         | 25                    |
| F    | 3oz          | 110                         | 10                    |

9. Which food has the least amount of calories per ounce?

10. Which food has the greatest amount of calories per ounce?

11. Which two foods have the same amount of calories per ounce?

12. Which food has the greatest amount of sugar per ounce?

13. Which two foods have the same amount of sugar per ounce?

14. Which food has the least amount of sugar per ounce?

15. How much sugar would 9 ounces of Food E contain?

16. Which food should you consume if you want to consume 9 ounces of food, between 350 and 380 calories, and less than 30 grams of sugar?

## **Station III**

- 17. The use of senses, sometimes involving the use of instruments and the recording of data is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 18. A logical interpretation based on what is known or assumed to be true is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

19. An explanation for an observed phenomenon is called a(n)

20. In a controlled experiment, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ variable (usually) responds to changes in the independent variable.

21. Information gathered from observations is called \_\_\_\_\_.

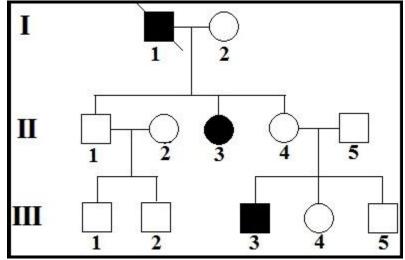
22. The use of scientific instruments in observation yields

\_\_\_\_\_ data.

TB 1: What is a scientific theory? How does a law differ from a theory?

## **Station IV**

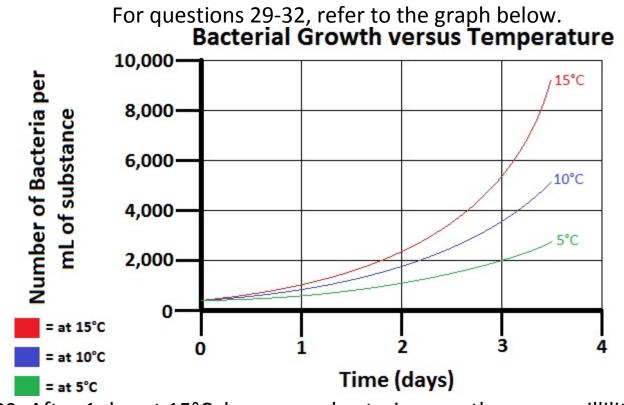
For questions 23-28, refer to the pedigree diagram below.



23. Which individuals are affected by this genetic disorder?

- 24. What is the relationship between individuals I-1 and III-2?
- 25. Is this genetic disorder caused by dominant or recessive alleles?
- 26. Is individual I-2 homozygous or heterozygous?
- 27. Draw a symbol that represents a carrier of a sex-linked recessive disorder.
- 28. Draw a symbol that would represent male dizygotic twins.

### Station V

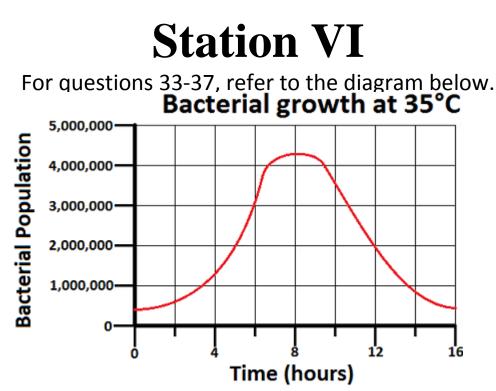


29. After 1 day at 15°C, how many bacteria were there per milliliter of the substance?

30. You have a 47.5 milliliter sample of the substance stored at 5°C. After 3 days, how many bacteria are in the entire sample?

31. In all 3 of these samples, the bacteria exhibit an \_\_\_\_\_\_ curve.

32. What is the independent variable of this experiment?



- 33. Between which of the following times did the number of bacteria increase the most?
  - a) Hours 2 and 4
  - b) Hours 3 and 5
  - c) Hours 4 and 6
  - d) Hours 5 and 7
  - e) Hours 6 and 8
- 34. Which is the most likely reason for the decrease in the bacterial population after hour 8?
  - f) The temperature was too high for the bacterial culture after 8 hours
  - g) The bacteria stopped reproducing after 8 hours
  - h) More nutrients were added to the culture at regular intervals
  - i) Bacterial waste products accumulated in the nutrient solution
- **35.** After how many hours did the bacterial population initially reach 2,000,000?
- 36. What was the bacterial population at hour 8?
- **37.** If data collection on the bacterial culture started Thursday at 7:00 P.M., when was the last data that is displayed on the graph collected?

#### **Station VII**

Data set 1 12 14 5 13 10 18 13 9 Data set 2 103.2 115.2 91.4 108.2 100.0 95.8

38. What is the range of Data set 1?

39. What is the mean of Data set 1?

40. What is the median of Data set 1?

41. What is the mode of Data set 1?

42. What is the range of Data set 2?

43. What is the mean of Data set 2?

44. What is the median of Data set 2?

45. What is the mode of Data set 2?

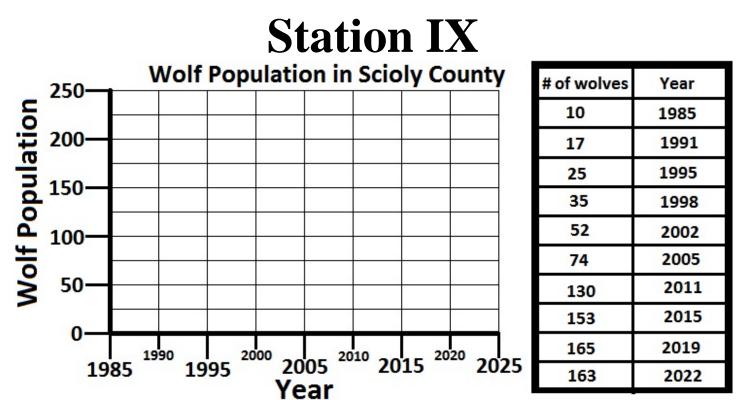
## **Station VIII**

For questions 46-51, refer to the diagram below.



- 46. What is the name of the scientific instrument depicted?
- 47. The numbered increments are \_\_\_\_\_ mL.
- 48. The unnumbered increments are \_\_\_\_\_ mL.
- 49. What is the reading of the instrument for this solution in milliliters? In liters?
- 50. Describe how you could find the mass of the solution in the instrument.

51. Given that the mass of the solution in the instrument is 18.6 grams, what is the solution's density in g/mL? (Round to three decimal places)



52. Using the data table, complete the graph above.

(Neatness of graph will serve as the 2<sup>nd</sup> tiebreaker)

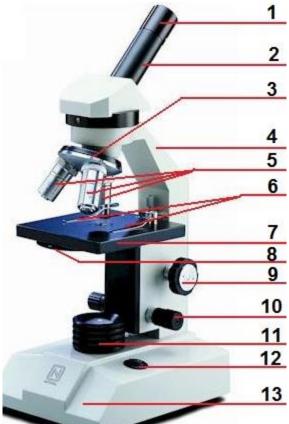
- 53. In 2025, the wolf population was found to have dropped to 138. Given no other information, which of the following could possibly be the cause of this drop in population? (choose all that apply)
  - a. Unfavorable environmental conditions
  - b. Human activity
  - c. Emigration of wolves out of the area
  - d. Disease
- 54. From 1985 to 2015, the wolf population increased from 10 to 153 individuals. Assuming no movement of individuals into the area, which of the following occurrences are responsible for this population growth?
  - a. There was a higher birth rate than death rate
  - b. There was a higher death rate than birth rate
  - c. The birth rate was the same as the death rate
- 55. TB 3: Wolves in Scioly County have been often observed to prey upon rabbits. These rabbits obtain their energy by consuming various grasses. What are two terms that may be applied to the wolves based upon their position in this food chain?

# **Station X**

For questions 56-61, refer to the diagram to the right. 56. What is the name of the part indicated

by number 3? What is its purpose?

- 57. What is the number that indicates the part that would be used to adjust the amount of light reaching a specimen?
- 58. What is the name of the part indicated by number 9? Would this be used more at low powers or high powers?



- 59. What is the name of the part indicated by number 1? What is its purpose?
- 60. What is the name of the part that holds a slide to the stage? What number indicates this part on the diagram?
- 61. What number on the diagram indicates the arm? What is the purpose of the arm?

## **Station XI**

62. You are viewing a slide of pond water under a compound light microscope when you spot an ostracod. Viewing it through the microscope, you see it move down, then right, and then up. If you were viewing this slide from above without a microscope, you would have seen that the ostracod actually moved

\_\_\_\_\_, then \_\_\_\_\_, and then \_\_\_\_\_.

- 63. Earlier you measured the diameter of the field of view under the 4x objective lens to be 3.8 millimeters. You are now viewing the ostracod under the 10x objective lens. Your microscope has a 10x ocular lens.
  - a. What is the diameter of the field of view under the 10x objective lens in millimeters? In micrometers? (circle both final answers)

b. While viewing the ostracod under the 10x objective lens, you estimate that you could fit 3.2 ostracods (of the same size and shape as the one you are observing) lined up lengthwise across the center of the field of view. Based upon this estimate, what is the length of this of this ostracod in micrometers? (circle final answer)

c. Using a stopwatch, you find that it took the ostracod 16.3 seconds to move across the diameter of the field of view (while still under the 10x objective lens). Knowing the diameter of the field of view, what was the ostracod's average velocity during that trial in micrometers per second? (circle final answer) (round to two decimal places)