School Name	School Number
Participant's (1) Name	(Be Neat)
Participant's (1) Name	(Be Neat)
Tie Breaker 1:	

# **Physics**

Lab

### Questions

1	(1pt) 0 .217 J <b>Sig Figs</b>	11	(1pt) 5
2	(1pt) 0.217 J	12	(1pt) 6.46 W <b>Sig Figs</b>
3	(1pt) 1.18 m/s	13	(1pt) 550 m/s or 5.5 x 102 m/s <b>Sig Figs</b>
4	(1pt) .3689 kg m/s	14	(1pt) $.837 \text{ m/s}^2$
5	(1pt) 0.3689 kg m/s	15	(2 pts) 8.17 s
6	(1pt) 5.57 m/s	16	(1pt) 11.8 m
7	(1pt) 2139.5 N/m	17	(1pt) $a(t) = -45\cos(3t)$
8	(1pt) 1.028 J	18	(1pt) 7.848 N
9	(1pt) 0.44 s <b>Sig Figs</b>	19	(1pt) 0 Tie Breaker 2
10	(1pt) 5.68 m/s		

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## **Earth and Space Lab**

20	(1pt) P wave
21	(1pt) Shear or transverse wave
22	(1pt) 3 minutes
23	(1pt) 100 times
24	(1pt) 42 km

25. Find the epicenter. (5 pts)



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# **Earth and Space Questions**

26	(1pt) New and Full moon
27	(1pt) Collapsed LARGE volcanic crater or depression
28	(1pt) Volcanic neck
29	(1pt) Place where one tectonic plate slides underneath another plate
30	(1pt) Tidal forces exerted by Jupiter and the other moons.
31	(1pt) 2
32	(1pt) Decay of radioactive elements  Tie Breaker 3
33	(1pt) troposphere
34	(1pt) Coriolis force is not strong enough near the equator to start the storm's rotation.
35	(1pt) 1

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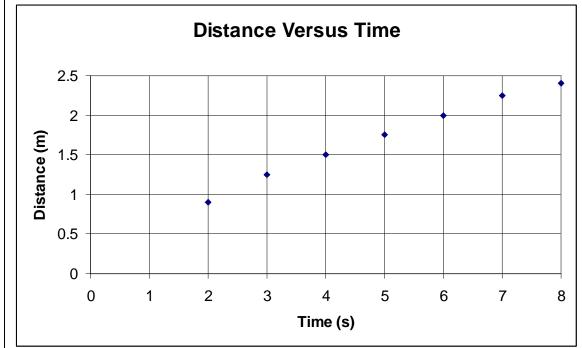
# **Inquiry Lab AND Questions**

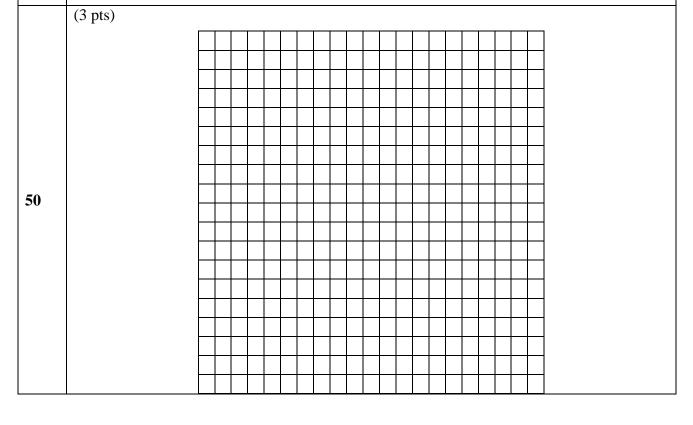
36	(2 pt) 125 cm <sup>2</sup>
37	(2 pt) 0.549 cm or 5.49 mm
38	(1 pt) The volume of the flat BB"pancake" is greater than the BB's volume in the graduate cylinder.
39	(1 pt) 7.14%
40	(1 pt) 20.7%
41	(1 pt) 95 %
42	(1 pt) The proposal that no difference exists between groups.  The prediction that an observed difference is due to chance alone and not due to a systematic cause
43	(1 pt) 10.39 or 10.40 or 10.38 cm <b>Sig Figs</b>
44	(1pt) 3.89 g/mL <b>Sig Figs</b>
45	(1 pt) 5.00 km
46	(1 pt) - 19.38 oC/min . CANNOT be -18.75 oC/min. Range →-19.0620 oC/min
47	(1 pt) Tie Breaker 4 -23.4 oC/min
48	(1 pt) about 4.275 mm SIG FIGS

## **Inquiry Questions cont.**

49

(2 pt) Equation is approximately distance = (0.25 m/s) time + 0.4714 m Best fit line cannot go thru the 1st and last points.





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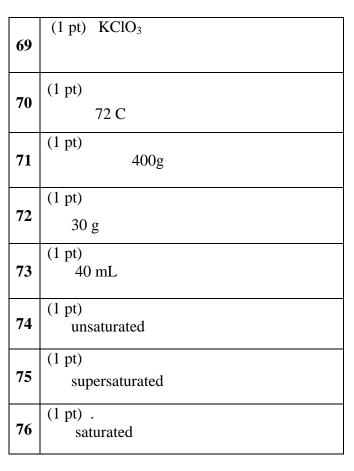
# **Biology**

**Lab** Questions

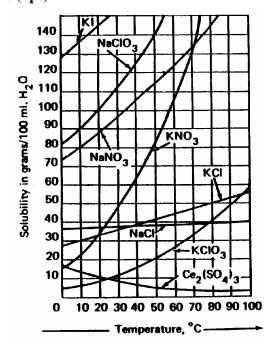
		~
(1 pt ) Simple sugar	59	(1 pt ) 1
(1 pt) starch	60	(1 pt) 2
(2 pt) Sugars are quickly turned into starch.	61	(1 pt ) 4
(2 pt ) glucose, fructose, galactose, erythrose, ribose	62	(1 pt ) 1
(1 pt) water	63	(1 pt ) 3
(1 pt ) No affect. Calvin cycle occurs independent of light. Tie breaker 5	64	(1 pt) 3
(1 pt) $6O_2 + C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$	65	(1 pt ) 4,d
(1 pt) 5	66	(1 pt ) 1
	67	(1 pt ) 4
	68	(1 pt) 2
	<ul> <li>(1 pt ) starch</li> <li>(2 pt ) Sugars are quickly turned into starch.</li> <li>(2 pt ) glucose, fructose, galactose, erythrose, ribose</li> <li>(1 pt ) water</li> <li>(1 pt ) No affect. Calvin cycle occurs independent of light. Tie breaker 5</li> <li>(1 pt ) 6O<sub>2</sub> + C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub> → 6CO<sub>2</sub> + 6 H<sub>2</sub>O</li> </ul>	(1 pt) starch60(2 pt) Sugars are quickly turned into starch.61(2 pt) glucose, fructose, galactose, erythrose, ribose62(1 pt) water63(1 pt) No affect. Calvin cycle occurs independent of light. Tie breaker 564(1 pt) $6O_2 + C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 6H_2O$ 65(1 pt) 56667

School Name \_\_\_\_\_ School Number \_\_\_\_

### **Chemistry Lab**



77. (1pt)



**78.**\_\_\_\_\_ (**1pt**) 10 m

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Denous Maine	

# **Chemistry Questions**

79	(1 pt) Tin(IV) Dichromate Tie Breaker 6
80	(1 pt) F, B, Ge, Pb
81	(1 pt) $2 \text{ CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 + 13 \text{ O}_2 => 8 \text{ CO}_2 + 10 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$
82	(1 pts) $22.5 \text{ g H}^20$
83	(2 pt) CH <sub>4</sub> 10.0 g O <sub>2</sub> Sig Figs
84	(1 pt) 592.5 caloriesJ
85	(1 pt) left
86	(1 pt) decrease
87	(1 pt) increase